

# LINK MONTHLY REPORT

April 2022





### 1. KEY ACTIVITIES

LINK is the UK's Cash Access and ATM Network and connects virtually all the UK's ATMs and provides communities with access to cash through services such as cashback at retailers' tills and Banking Hubs. LINK continues to operate to its usual high standard and remains well positioned to support UK consumers' access to cash needs through effective risk management and high levels of operational resilience. LINK is working closely with its infrastructure provider and Network Members, all of whom continue to perform well.

The LINK Board had a short video update in April when the CEO reported how cash usage has stabilised at volumes about 40% below pre-COVID levels but with around 10m consumers still making use to a significant extent of cash for payments. The LINK Chairman and CEO are due to meet the Bank of England's FMIs supervision team on 12th April.

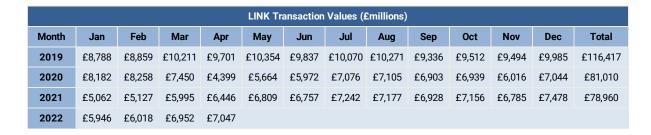
LINK continues to put a lot of effort into people planning and as across the industry, retention remains a key area of focus for the LINK management team. There are no commercial or operational issues causing concern and LINK and its various service providers continue to perform to the expected very high standard.

### 2. LINK VOLUMES AND VALUES

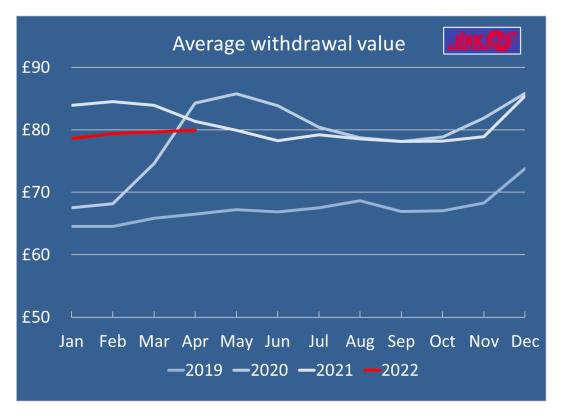
April's 135 million transactions were 10% higher than 2021's when there were still COVID19 restrictions, but 38% down on April 2019, before the start of the pandemic.

	LINK Transaction Volumes (millions)												
Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
2019	209	207	232	220	232	221	226	225	211	214	208	204	2,608
2020	185	181	155	91	110	117	139	141	139	138	118	129	1,643
2021	99	97	114	123	131	133	140	140	137	141	133	135	1522
2022	118	117	134	135									

In April over £7bn was withdrawn, up from £6.4bn in April 2021.







The average withdrawal value in April February was £79.91 almost identical to the previous month, slightly down on 2021, but well above the pre-pandemic average of around £65. The average value may continue to fall as consumers have more opportunities to make spontaneous low value cash withdrawals now COVID-19 restrictions have eased.

# 3. LINK RSA RESEARCH: - Ten million UK adults say they would struggle in a cashless society

New research published by The RSA, sponsored by LINK, shows how a sudden shift to a cashless society would leave millions without the capabilities to engage in a digital economy and the control many have over managing their finances. The report can be downloaded from the LINK website, <a href="https://www.link.co.uk">www.link.co.uk</a> or <a href="https://www.link.co.uk">here</a>.

The Cash Census: Britain's relationship with cash and digital payments' is the most comprehensive and up to date report since the independent Access to Cash Review concluded in 2019 that the UK was not ready to go cashless. The new research highlights that while a significant number of people rarely use cash and embrace a digital future, almost half the population (48%) say a cashless society would be problematic highlighting concerns around the ability to control finances and debt, digital fraud, privacy and increased isolation. The research was funded by LINK, the UK's Cash Access and ATM Network.



While cash use has been declining for over 15 years with people increasingly choosing alternatives including contactless cards and mobile payments, the shift towards digital was turbocharged throughout the Covid-19 pandemic. During this time, the UK saw a significant fall in ATM withdrawals and cash use as businesses encouraged non-cash payments, traditionally 'high cash use' sectors such as pubs and restaurants temporarily closed and many customers choosing to shop online or becoming more comfortable to use alternatives to cash.

However, while ATM use will never return to pre-pandemic levels, the research shows the percentage of the population wholly reliant on cash is unchanged. In fact, one in five people, equating to 10 million people said they would struggle in a cashless society, mirroring similar numbers from the Access to Cash Review.

For the first time, the research has segmented the UK adult population into five groups based upon attitudes and behaviours around cash and digital payments. These include:

- Cash dependents: An older segment that have a strong preference for cash. (10 million adults);
- Cash keepers: A younger segment that like the security of having cash (12m)
- Cashless sceptics: The oldest segment whose scepticism about a cashless society runs deep. (12m)
- Cash occasionals: A younger segment that prefer to manage their money digitally but use cash occasionally or in emergencies. (9m)
- Cashless converts: A segment that strongly prefers digital payments and don't see many benefits to cash. (11m)

The research suggests that the majority of customers who are increasingly going cashless and embracing digital were doing so already. The pandemic has only sped up this process. For many cash dependents, cash keepers and cashless sceptics, there is still a strong attachment to cash and one in seven of the population (8 million people) was using cash more because of the pandemic.

Cash remains especially vital for those on low incomes and is used by 15 million people to budget. During the pandemic, the three parliamentary constituencies that saw the smallest reduction in ATM uses (Liverpool Walton, Bradford South and Birmingham Hodge Hill) are among the highest areas of deprivation across the UK. Cash also plays an important part for many groups, especially the elderly, who are more likely to visit bank branches and post offices in person as an important way to connect to their community. Cash users in rural and remote locations are concerned that poor broadband and mobile connectivity will make it harder for them to go fully digital.

The research shows that for some there are still huge barriers using digital payments and that while there are many digital tools available, they simply do not work for some



people. This includes concerns that forcing people on to digital can lead to a loss of control over their finances risking spiralling debts.

Overall, 23 million people say that using cash makes them feel more in control of their finances. This finding may reflect wider concerns about fraud and using technology with almost two-thirds (64%) concerned about fraud when making payments and 57% concerned about privacy.

As part of its recommendations, the report puts forward several policy suggestions. These include:

- The urgent need to introduce legislation, overseen by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) to ensure everyone can continue to access cash near to where they work and live and to protect the commercial cash system.
- Encouraging further innovation in SME cash deposits to ensure it remains viable for businesses to accept cash.
- Essential government services (both local and national) such as school dinners, council tax and utilities should ensure people wishing to pay by cash can do so.
- Digital education needs to advance so all young people develop skills to manage their money digitally. The financial services industry can play a critical role here by working in partnership with charities.
- The government must increase the speed of its national broadband and 4/5G roll
  out ensuring no region is left behind. The internet should be recognised as an
  essential utility and clearer rules should be established to protect people from
  being disconnected.

Mark Hall from the RSA, and the author of the report: "For millions of people, their relationship with cash is critical to the way they manage their weekly budget. Despite online banking and shopping becoming more common, our research shows the percentage of the population wholly reliant on cash is unchanged in the past three years. It's vital that the dash to digital doesn't disenfranchise anyone, especially with the cost-of-living crisis putting such significant strain on family finances right now."

### 4. ATM NUMBERS

ATM coverage across the UK in 2021 remained broadly stable and in line with LINK's strategy and Financial Inclusion Programme objectives. It seems likely that some locations, like pubs, where a lot of people paid in cash and used to have quite a few payto-use ATMs, are now accepting less cash and as a result may no longer need on-site ATMs. The reduction in branch ATM numbers is a result of overall branch closures rather than a reduction in ATMs per branch. LINK carefully monitors such closures to ensure there are still suitable ATMs nearby.



LINK ATM Numbers by Type and Owner 2021											ı	
2021	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Branch	14,917	14,827	14,801	14,752	14,627	14,450	14,056	13,905	13,836	14,137	14,638	13,655
Free Remote	26,541	26,233	26,038	26,229	26,747	27,061	27,078	27,205	27,280	26,720	26,293	27,287
Total Free	41,458	41,060	40,839	40,981	41,374	41,511	41,134	41,110	41,116	40,857	40,931	40,942
Pay to use	12,491	12,156	12,023	12,140	12,587	12,616	12,725	12,699	12,653	12,600	12,483	12,456
Total ATMs	53,949	53,216	52,862	53,121	53,961	54,127	53,859	53,809	53,769	53,457	53,414	53,398
Bank and Building Sc	22,801	22,660	22,614	22,456	22,287	22,109	21,752	21,654	21,584	21,386	20,996	20,935
Non Card Issuers	31,148	30,556	30,248	30,665	31,674	32,018	32,107	32,155	32,185	32,071	32,418	32,463
Total ATMs	53,949	53,216	52,862	53,121	53,961	54,127	53,859	53,809	53,769	53,457	53,414	53,398

LINK ATM Numbers by Type and Owner 2022												
2022	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Branch	13,711	13,611	13,557	13,548								
Free Remote	27,245	27,178	27,243	27,128								
Total Free	40,956	40,789	40,800	40,676								
Pay to use	12,083	11,824	11,671	11,606								
Total ATMs	53,039	52,613	52,471	52,282								
Bank and Building So	20,721	20,252	19,878	19,828								
Non Card Issuers	32,318	32,361	32,593	32,454								
Total ATMs	53,039	52,613	52,471	52,282								

### 5. MAINTAINING ACCESS TO CASH

LINK's Financial Inclusion Programme continues to be effective in maintaining free access to cash for consumers in rural, remote and deprived communities across the UK.

To-date, 87 lost free-to-use ATMs have been targeted for replacement and resolved, 35 through Direct Commissioning, 19 through Premiums and the remaining 33 by regular installation programmes.

Overall, over 3,500 ATMs get a subsidy as part of LINK's work on financial inclusion. LINK is now using social media to further raise awareness of the initiative and continues to welcome requests for ATMs. Please see the LINK website for more details <a href="https://www.link.co.uk/consumers/request-access-to-cash/">https://www.link.co.uk/consumers/request-access-to-cash/</a>.

### 6. LINK FOOTPRINT REPORT

LINK is committed to maintaining free access to cash for many years to come through an extensive network of ATMs, which covers the same area as it did on 1<sup>st</sup> February 2018. This includes Protected ATMs which are machines 1km or more away from another free ATM and are therefore considered vital by LINK for their local community. These Protected ATMs are analysed every month and the changes are summarised below.

February 2022		Monthly change
Total Protected ATMs	3232	2
Live ATMs	2827	2
ATMs No Longer Transacting	405	6
Temporarily out of action	21	7



Investigations with operator underway	6		3
ATMs Confirmed as Closed	378		4
ATMs not being replaced (a)	322		5
ATMs Targeted for Replacement	56		-1
LINK Members offered premiums for replacement		10	0
LINK directly commissioning a replacement		35	2
Resolution not Possible (b)		39	3
ATMs previously targeted for replacement and now resolve	d (c)	87	3

## Notes - LINK Footprint Report

- (a) ATMs are not replaced where consumers have free access to cash over the counter from a nearby post office, where the site was not accessible to the public, where there are security concerns, or where there is assessed to be no community detriment following a site visit by LINK.
- (b) Where it is not currently possible to replace a Protected ATM for reasons such as no suitable premises within 1km, no willing site owners to host an ATM or no operator willing to deploy an ATM. LINK may still consider alternative actions and these sites remain on file.
- (c) Sites which were targeted for replacement through the Programme and now have free access to cash via an ATM, whether through Premiums, Direct Commissioning or through the free competitive market.